Year 1 Reading		Harry House, St.	
Start Emerging	MET-	MET	MET+ Deep
 Reads and understands simple sentences. Uses phonic knowledge to decode regular words and 	 Reads aloud books consistent vaccurately, confidently and flue Applies phonic knowledge and of sounds in unfamiliar words, texts accurately. 	skills, including the blending	 Confidently reads aloud more complex texts, including those beyond their chronological age. Reads accurately a range of words with more than one syllable, making confident attempts where beyond taught
 read them aloud accurately. Reads some common irregular words. Needs prompting when what they have just read did not make sense. 	 Recognises and reads common ing, -ed, -er and -est endings; a syllable containing taught GPCs words with contractions, and d of the apostrophe. 	nd words of more than one c. Recognises and reads	 GPCs. Is beginning to read common exception words such as smiling, runner etc. Tests out alternative graphemes for phonemes when reading
 Joins in with familiar rhymes and poems. Demonstrates an understanding when talking with others about what they have read. Can re-tell familiar stories. 	 Reading is seen as a pleasurable Checks that the text makes sen phonic knowledge to correct in Has learned some simple poem with others, using appropriate in meaning clear. 	se whilst reading, applying accuracies. s by heart and recites them	 Can discuss preferences about stories they have read or have been read to them (e.g. likes/dislikes). Knows when what they have just read does not makes sense - leading to re-reading. Reads signs and labels beyond the classroom.
Knows that some books tell stories and others give information.	 Demonstrates understanding of fiction that has been read and I discussion of key ideas and info Uses recurring literary language and poetry. Shows understanding of the mediscussion, and makes links to the second control of the mediscussion. 	istened to, through rmation. when joining in with stories eaning of words through	 Can talk about favourite authors, poems or genres. Deduces possible meanings to unknown words drawing on the wider sentence or context. Discuss any links with the text and something they have experienced themselves.
	 Recognises sequences of events Demonstrates increasing familiarange of stories, fairy stories an Recognises that non-fiction boodifferent ways. 	arity with, and can retell, a d traditional tales.	 Can outline a familiar story. Demonstrates a growing awareness of how to use non-fiction books to find information. Draws on the pictures as well as the text to help them read.
	Make simple predictions on who on what has been read so far.	at might happen next, based	 Predicts what might happen next, giving reasons for their thinking. Predicts what a book may be about based on the front cover.

Reaction & Hove



Start	Emerging	MET-	MET	MET+ Deep
Applies phonic known unfamiliar words to accurately. Accurately reads wendings. Beginning Reading is seen as a Checks that the text phonic knowledge. Mirrors modelled in else. Demonstrates undefiction and can discussed. Recognises sequence per per per per per per per per per pe	consistent with phonic knowledge - intly and fluently. It wiledge and skills when tackling to decode age appropriate texts Fords with s, -es, -ing, -ed, -er and -est to read common exception words. It makes sense whilst reading, applying to correct inaccuracies. Intonation when reading with someone erstanding of poetry, stories, and non- cuss key characters. It will be texts. It will	 Phonic knowledge and ski decode quickly and accurate two or more syllables; wo most common exception value taught. Reading is seen as a please. Self-corrects where the see is beginning to use appropaloud. Demonstrates knowledge stories (including fairy stonon-fiction through identification), and active diswhat others say. Identifies sequences of every lanations of how items another. Recognises simple recurring poetry. Recognises and understant fiction books that have been shares favourite words and meaning of new words three Asks and answers question inference based on what is Can make predictions about 	Ils are consistently applied to ately. sounds for graphemes; words of rds with common suffixes; and words, based on what has been urable activity. Inse of the text is lost. In a consistent of the text is lost. In a consistent of the text, sound fication of key aspects of the text, soussion that takes account of the text is in texts and offers simple of information relate to one and literary language in stories and the different structures of non-en introduced. If the different structures of non-en introduced.	 Automatic decoding is established and a range of text is read with consistent accuracy, fluency and confidence. Books are selected in order to challenge knowledge and word reading skills or to pursue an interest in an author, genre or topic. Demonstrates an understanding of more challenging age appropriate texts. Identifies key aspects of fiction and non-fiction. Can give simple explanations of how and why texts a structured according to their purpose. Gives plausible inferences and predictions, based on what has been read, are offered and explained. New words are understood through the exploration of their meaning in context, and by making links to known vocabulary.







Start	Emerging		MET-	MET		MET+	Deep
Building on Y2		- 10	ly reads fluently, deco	oding most new words abulary.	•	Reads with fluency more challenging those beyond their chronological age	
 Phonic knowledge and skills are consistently applied to decode quickly and accurately. Attempts longer 		differen	d longer words with s t pronunciations.			strategies to decode new words. Is b meaning of words through contextus	eginning to clarif
unknown words.		Use dict have rea		meaning of words they		Reads independently both aloud and	d silently.
Self-corrects where the sense of the text is lost.					•	When reading aloud there is some as	wareness of the
Is beginning to use appropriate intonation when reading aloud.			is seen as a pleasura	ble activity. eed that is sufficient for		audience (e.g. changes in dynamics,	pace, voices).
radanis dioda	A.I.	focus on understand			Demonstrates experience of a broad	er range of	
Demonstrates knoppetry, stories an	owledge of a developing range of and non-fiction.		nan on decoding indiv	-		genres, authors and texts from differ time.	_
Can identify key a active role when	aspects of a text read and plays an discussing texts.		o and discusses a wid		•	Has developed preferences within a texts, genres and writers and can jus	_
	words and phrases.		ks – reading, re-readi			preferences.	diry then
	ces of events in narratives and how non-narrative text relates to one		s conventions across	familiar stories and	•	Uses appropriate terminology when (e.g. plot, character, setting).	discussing texts
another.	ion narrative text relates to one			h as the triumph of good		Can compare and contrast across tex	rts justifying
Recognises simple stories and poetry	e recurring literary language in v.		or the use of magica	I devices in fairy stories		identified similarities and differences	
•	•					Shows an awareness of other organis	sational devices
	nderstands the different structures	Retrieve	s and records inform	ation from non-fiction,		that will help to locate and retrieve in	
	oks that have been introduced.	using co	ntents pages to locate	e information.		non-fiction.	
With support can	use a contents page.						
Asks and answers	questions appropriately, including	Predict v implied.	vnat might happen fr	om details stated and	•	Justifies inferences and deductions w	ith evidence fro
	based on what is said and done.	1	mnle inferences such	as inferring characters'		the text.	
The second secon	ions about what may happen next	feelings.		us interring characters			
	the story based on what has been						





read so far.

Start	Emerging	MET-	MET	MET+	Deep
outside everyday s Beginning to read s Reads accurately a them to focus on u rather than on dec Reads with approp passages to ensure Reads and re-reads closely to known to Recognises simple such journeys, goo Identifies text type Headlines in newsy in reports). Retrieves and reco using contents pag Knows the job of a use it effectively. With support, talks used to deepen des Predict what might implied.	gently, decoding most new words spoken vocabulary. further exception words. Ind at a speed that is sufficient for inderstanding what they read oding individual words. Friate intonation. Re-reads a understanding. Is a variety of texts, but sticks ext types or authors. It themes across unfamiliar stories d vs. evil. It is using their conventions (e.g. papers, address in letters, headings or index page, but need support to about key phrases an author has	 Reads most words effortion unfamiliar words with incompanition of the word. Read further exception words discussed in the word. Use dictionaries to check the read. Sees reading as a pleasurate of the word of the word. Reads silently and discussed aloud with appropriate intunderstanding. Checks that the text make understanding with unfamiliar understanding with unfamiliar of the words. Listens to and discusses a plays, non-fiction and reference is beginning to choose and including authors that the Beginning to recognise contenting such as the greeting first person or the use of punumbering and headings in the words. Retrieves and records inforced the words. Discusses language, included the words. Summarises and presents words. Predicts what might implied. 	essly and attempts to decode reasing automaticity. Ords, noting the unusual a spelling and sound and where the meaning of words they have the meaning of words they have activity. The session of the ses	 Reads a wider range of challenging above chronological age with fluend understanding. Reads silently with increasing staming the text. Shows awareness of the audience willoud. Discusses different writers, referring writing and themes; deepening their their culture and wider background. Compares and contrasts a range of willow conventions commenting on their plaudience. 	texts that are by and and appraises when reading out g to their style of r understanding of the writing accuracy and paraphrasing. Extitute the story of the story of the gracter in the story between them.









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Year 6 / End of KS2 Reading

Start Emerging MET- MET MET+ Deep

Building on Y5.....

- Reads fluently, confidently and independently using strategies to work out any unfamiliar word and applying a growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (morphology and etymology).
- Sees reading as a pleasurable activity.
- Demonstrates appropriate intonation, tone and volume when reading aloud text, plays and reciting poetry.
- Demonstrates an increasing familiarity with a wide range of books and texts.
- Recommends books to others based on own reading preferences.
- Associates certain conventions and certain text types including language and structure.
- Uses technical terms such as metaphor, simile, analogy, imagery, style and effect when discussing texts. Knows what is meant by 'figurative language'.
- Recognises themes across texts (e.g. loss or heroism); and can compare characters, settings, themes and other aspects within texts.
- Knows the difference between fact and opinion and with support can spot examples in a given text.
- In using non-fiction, efficiently retrieves information and makes notes.
- Summarises main ideas drawn from across given texts.
- Draws inferences and makes predictions based on details which are stated and implied – giving evidence as to their thinking.

- Fluently and effortlessly reads a range of age appropriate texts.
- Determines the meaning of new words by applying knowledge of the root words, prefixes and suffixes.
- Demonstrates a positive attitude to reading by frequently reading for pleasure, both fiction and non-fiction.
- Demonstrates appropriate intonation, tone and volume when reading aloud text, plays and reciting poetry, to make the meaning clear to the audience.
- Demonstrates familiarity with a wide range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction and fiction from literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions. Recommends books to others based on own reading preferences, giving reasons for choice.
- · Has learned a wide range of poetry by heart.
- Explains how language, structure, and presentation, can contribute to the meaning of a text.
- . Draws on contextual evidence to make sense of what is read.
- Comments on how language, including figurative language, is used to contribute to meaning.
- · Naturally asks questions to enhance understanding of the text.
- Is able to make comparisons across different texts.
- Draws inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence.
- Makes predictions based on details stated and implied.
- Distinguishes between statements of fact and opinion. In non-fiction, retrieves records and presents information to the reader.
- Identifies key details that support main ideas, and uses them to summarise content drawn from more than one paragraph.
- Explains and discusses their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where necessary.
- Identifies themes and conventions demonstrating, through discussion and comment, understanding of their use in and across a wide range of writing.

- Fluently reads a wider range of challenging texts that are above chronological age with fluency and understanding.
- Confidently performs given texts, including poems, using a wide range of devices to engage the audience and for effect.
- Recommends authors, sets of books and genres to others based on own reading experience and preferences, giving reasons for choice.
- Compares language, structure and presentation across texts and debates which is the most effective.
- Critiques the use of figurative language, including how it is used for effect.
- Can challenge key ideas within a text.
- Reads extended texts, including novels, examining how characters change and develop.
- Draws inferences based on indirect clues and can justify their thinking.
- Can give counter-arguments to an alternative viewpoint, based on evidence from the text.
- Analyses texts and draws out key information to support their own research.
- Can summarise the main ideas of text in a nut shell.
- Compares and contrasts across a broad range of texts, drawing on evidence from the text.
- Can categorise texts according to given criterion, including key themes and conventions.





